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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|--|--|
| 09/477,876 | 01/05/2000 | CHRISTOPHER M. HERRING | P04658 | 9857 | | |
| 34456 | 7590 08/23/2005 | | EXAM | EXAMINER | | |
| TOLER & LARSON & ABEL L.L.P. | | | HYUN, SOON D | | | |
| 5000 PLAZA AUSTIN, TX | ON THE LAKE STE 265 | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER | | |
| , | | | 2663 | | | |
| | | | DATE MAILED: 08/23/2005 | | | |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| | | Applic | ation No. | Applicant(s) | | | |
|--|---|---|--|--|--------|--|--|
| Office Action Summary | | 09/477 | 7,876 | HERRING ET AL. | , | | |
| | | Exami | ner | Art Unit | | | |
| | | Soon D |). Hyun | 2663 | | | |
| Period fo | The MAILING DATE of this communic | ation appears on | the cover sheet wit | h the correspondence ad | Idress | | |
| A SH THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failu Any | ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FO MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC nsions of time may be available under the provisions of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communic period for reply specified above is less than thirty (3) period for reply is specified above, the maximum stature to reply within the set or extended period for reply with reply received by the Office later than three months after the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | ATION. 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no ication. days, a reply within the tory period will apply an II, by statute, cause the | event, however, may a re statutory minimum of thirty d will expire SIX (6) MONT application to become ABA | ply be timely filed (30) days will be considered timel 'HS from the mailing date of this country that the constant of the country that the c | | | |
| Status | | | | | | | |
| 1)⊠ | Responsive to communication(s) filed | on <u>06/09/2005</u> . | | | | | |
| 2a) <u></u> □ | This action is FINAL . 2b |)⊠ This action i | s non-final. | | | | |
| 3)□ | Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. | | | | | | |
| Dispositi | on of Claims | | | | | | |
| 5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□ | Claim(s) 1-6,25,29 and 36-52 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-6,25,29 and 36-52 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. | | | | | | |
| Applicati | on Papers | | | | | | |
| 10) | The specification is objected to by the The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a Applicant may not request that any objection Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the oath or declaration is objected to be | a) accepted or on to the drawing(s ne correction is req | s) be held in abeyand uired if the drawing(s | ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). s) is objected to. See 37 CF | , , | | |
| Priority u | ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | | | |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | | | | | | | |
| * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. | | | | | | | |
| | | | | SOON HYU PATENT EXAM | · · · | | |
| Attachmen | | | | • | | | |
| 2) Notic 3) Inform | e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTC nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PT r No(s)/Mail Date | | | /Mail Date ormal Patent Application (PTC |)-152) | | |

DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 06/09/2005 has been entered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-6, 25, 29, and 36-52 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Haartsen (U.S. Patent No. 6,393,007) in view of Hogger (U.S. patent No. 6,490,262).

Regarding claims 1, 3, 48, 49, and 52, Haartsen discloses a system for concurrent wireless voice and data communications comprising: a first transceiving unit

(a radio access unit 2 in FIG. 1) tether to a voice network (PSTN) and to a data network (ISDN); and

a second, mobile transceiving unit (6 or 7);

the first transceiving unit operable to wirelessly transmit voice information from the voice network over a first dedicated set of time slots (slot A) of a plurality of time frames (hop k and hop k+1 in FIG. 4) and data information (d) from the data network over a second dedicated set of time slots (slots 8-11) of the plurality of time frames.

The second mobile transceiving unit to receive and separate the voice information and the data information from the first transceiving unit.

Haartsen further teachs that a carrier frequency of the channel changes in a pseudo random manner (col. 2, lines 23-29 and col. 11, lines 15-16).

However, Haartsen differs from the present application in that time slot hopping scheme together with the frequency hopping scheme is also applied to voice channels to improve interference diversity (col. 4, lines 4-14).

Hogger teaches that a pseudo random frequency hopping scheme without time slot hopping scheme for TDMA frames (see claim 1). Those of skill in the art would have been motivated by Hogger to incorporate the frequency hopping scheme only into Haartsen to provide a simpler circuitry to the transceiving units, since implementing the time slot hopping together with the frequency hopping is much more complicated.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to incorporate a frequency hopping scheme without time slot hopping into Haartsen.

Regarding claims 2, and 4-6, Haartsen does not teach that the data network is a V.90 modem coupled to PSTN, or cable modem coupled to a CATV system, or an Ethernet network as recited in the claims. It will be apparent to those skilled in the art that V.90 modem, a cable modem or an Ethernet could be used for the data network of Haartsen, because no unexpected results can be seen from the use of such data networks. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to incorporate a V.90 modem coupled to PSTN, or cable modem coupled to a CATV system, or an Ethernet network for the data network.

Regarding claims 25 and 29, Haartsen does not explicitly teach that a time slot containing data information comprises a forward error correction code. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to add a forward error correction code to data information for a receiver to correct an error, if any, when the data is received.

Regarding claim 36, Haartsen further discloses that the first transceiving unit receives from the second transceiving unit voice information over a third predefined set of time slots (slots 13-15 in FIG. 4) of a time frame and data information over a fourth predefined set of time slots (slots 20-23) of the time frame.

Regarding claims 37and 38, Haartsen further discloses that a number of the first predefined set of time slots and a number of the second predefined set of time slots are equal to a number of the third predefined set of time slots and a number of the fourth predefined set of time slots, respectively.

Regarding claim 39, it will be apparent to those skilled in the art that the number of the first predefined set of time slots could be equal to the number of the second predefined set of time slots when traffic volume for voice and data are same. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to allocate same number of time slots for the voice and data.

Regarding claims 40 and 41, it will be apparent to those skilled in the art that the number of predefined set of time slots for downstream and upstream could be different when the traffic volume is different. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to allocate different number of time slots for downstream and upstream.

Regarding claim 42, Haartsen discloses a method comprising:

transmitting voice information from a transceiving unit (a radio access unit 2 in FIG. 1) over a first dedicated set of time slots (slots 1 and 6 in FIG. 4) associated with a first plurality of time frames (hop k frame and hop k+1 frame in FIG 4 of a wireless channel 9 in FIG 1);

transmitting data information from the transceiving unit over a second set of time slots (slot 8 in FIG. 4) associated with the first plurality of time frames of the wireless channel.

However, Haartsen differs from the present application in that time slot hopping scheme together with the frequency hopping scheme is applied to voice channels to improve interference diversity (col. 4, lines 4-14).

Hogger teaches that a pseudo random frequency hopping scheme without time slot hopping scheme for TDMA frames (see claim 1). Those of skill in the art would have been motivated by Hogger to incorporate the frequency hopping scheme only into Haartsen to provide a simpler circuitry to the transceiving units, since implementing the time slot hopping together with the frequency hopping is much more complicated.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to incorporate a frequency hopping scheme without time slot hopping into Haartsen.

Regarding claim 43, Haartsen further discloses that the first transceiving unit receives from the second transceiving unit voice information over a third predefined set of time slots (slots 13-15 in FIG. 4) of a time frame and data information over a fourth predefined set of time slots (slots 20-23) of the time frame.

Regarding claims 44 and 45, Haartsen further discloses that a number of the first predefined set of time slots and a number of the second predefined set of time slots are equal to a number of the third predefined set of time slots and a number of the fourth predefined set of time slots, respectively.

Regarding claim 46, it will be apparent to those skilled in the art that the number of the first predefined set of time slots could be equal to the number of the second predefined set of time slots when traffic volume for voice and data are same. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to allocate same number of time slots for the voice and data.

Regarding claim 47, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to incorporate a less or higher hopping rate as long as no unexpected results can be seen from the use of the hopping rate.

Regarding claim 50, Haartsen further discloses that the frequency band for the system is the ISM band (approx. 2401-2480 MHz).

Regarding claim 51, Haartsen teaches 79 carrier frequencies, but it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to incorporate less or more carriers (i.e., 75 carriers) in the frequency band as long as no unexpected results can be seen from the use of the 75 carriers.

Conclusion

4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Soon D. Hyun whose telephone number is 571-272-3121. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ricky Q. Ngo can be reached on 571-272-3139. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Art Unit: 2663

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

S. Hyun 08/18/2005